

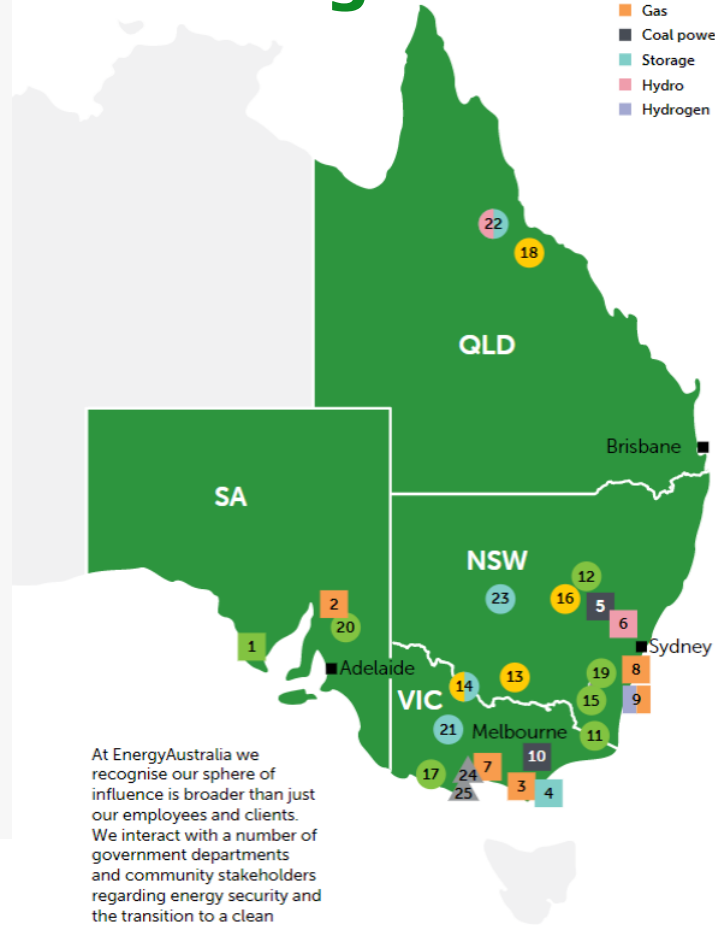
Green Transport Energy Solutions

October 2022



EnergyAustralia
LIGHT THE WAY

EnergyAustralia at a glance



At EnergyAustralia we recognise our sphere of influence is broader than just our employees and clients. We interact with a number of government departments and community stakeholders regarding energy security and the transition to a clean energy future.



Owned assets

- 1 Cathedral Rocks, Nawu Country
- 2 Hallett, Ngadjuri Country
- 3 Jeeralang, Gunaikurnai Country
- 4 Wooreen – *In Development*, Gunaikurnai Country
- 5 Mt Piper, Wiradjuri Country
- 6 Lake Lyell – *In Development*, Wiradjuri Country
- 7 Newport, Wurundjeri and Boon Wurrung Country
- 8 Tallawarra A, Dharawal Country
- 9 Tallawarra B – *In Development*, Dharawal Country
- 10 Yallourn, Gunaikurnai Country

Power purchase agreements

- 11 Boco Rock, Ngarigo Country
- 12 Bodangora, Wiradjuri Country
- 13 Coleambally, Wiradjuri Country
- 14 Gannawarra, Barababaraba Country
- 15 Gullen Range, Gundungurra Country
- 16 Manildra, Wiradjuri Country
- 17 Mortons Lane, Djab Wurrung Country
- 18 Ross River, Bindal and Wulgurukaba Country
- 19 Taralga, Gundungurra Country
- 20 Waterloo, Ngadjuri Country
- 21 Ballarat, Wadawurrung and Dja Dja Wurrung people Country
- 22 Kidston – *In Development*, Gugu Badhun Country and Ewamian Country
- 23 Riverina – *In Development*, Wiradjuri Country

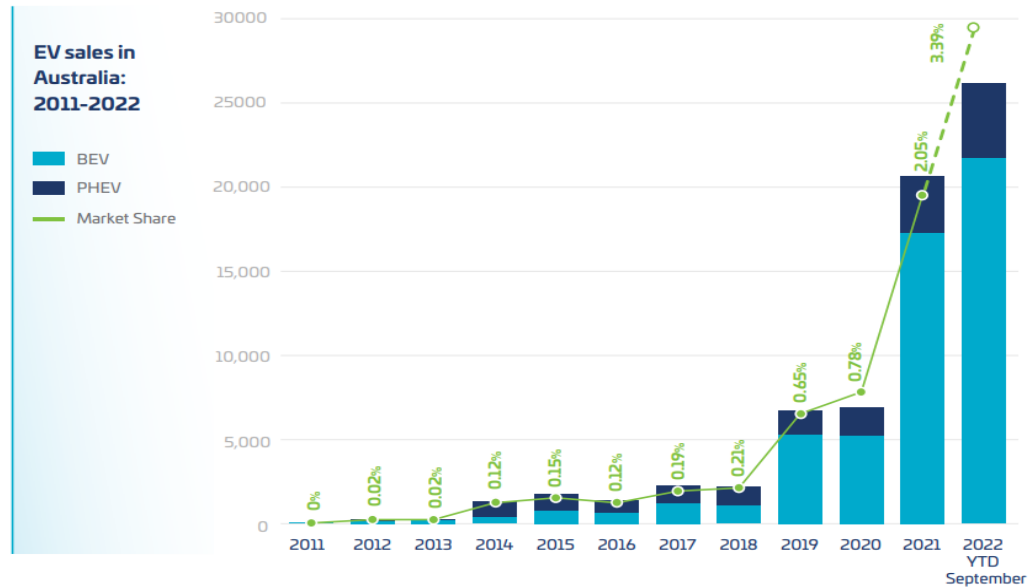
Head office / Contact centres

- 24 Melbourne, Wurundjeri Country
- 25 Geelong, Wadawurrung Country

Electric Vehicle Trends

Market trends relating to EVs

During the first three quarters of 2022 a total of 26,356 EVs were sold. The share of new vehicles sold in Australia that were EVs increased to 3.39% (YTD September 2022), compared to 2.05% in 2021. This represents a 65% increase in the market share of electric vehicle sales so far in 2022.



Source: [State-of-EVs-October-2022.pdf\(electricvehiclecouncil.com.au\)](#)

What this means for OPEX

Despite fossil fuel prices increasing, demand of electric vehicles will continue to rise.

Once the backlog supply of EVs reaches Australia, the market demand for electricity will need to be met.

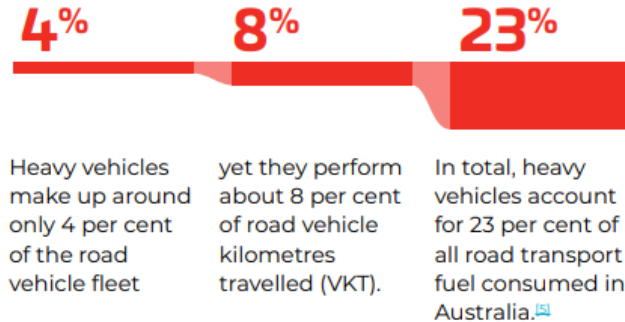
Transport Emissions Contribution

EMISSIONS AND NET-ZERO

19% Transport emissions in Australia make up 19 per cent of our total emissions. ^[4]



38% The road freight sector contributes 38 per cent of our total transport emissions. ^[4]



What this means for OPEX

Currently the average age of trucks in Australia is 10-15 years. In comparison to Austria 6.4 years, France 9.3 years, Germany 9.5 years

The age of truck fleets in Australia results in higher emissions through vehicle inefficiency and increased fuel consumption (Higher OPEX)

Increased cost savings in the transport industry have a strong flow-on effect to other industries within the Australian economy

EnergyAustralia | Commitment to Electrification

As part of our goal to be carbon neutral by 2050, EnergyAustralia is a signatory to [EV100](#) (through its parent company, CLP):

- Our entire fleet will be electric by 2030
- All our facilities will be equipped with EV charging infrastructure
 - Five EV's
 - DC chargers at Mt Piper Power Station H
 - DC and AC chargers at Yallourn Power Station

Source: [EV100](#)

EV100

Key findings

Ambition

121
member companies¹

Commitments covering
98
markets worldwide

5,983
committed charging locations

5.5 million
vehicles committed

85,637,124
metric tons total avoided emissions by 2030

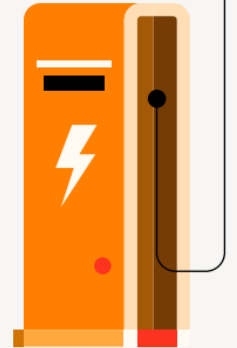
Action

209,654
EVs deployed

91%
of members procuring at least some renewable energy for their chargers

20,895
charging units installed

3,114
locations with EV charging deployed



Diesel vs Electricity Fuel Costs

- Diesel is one of the most significant costs for a trucking business
 - around 20 per cent for short haul operators
 - around 35 per cent for long haul operators
- Lower maintenance costs
- Need for globally competitive freight costs
- Urban freight efficiency

ELECTRICITY VS. DIESEL COSTS.

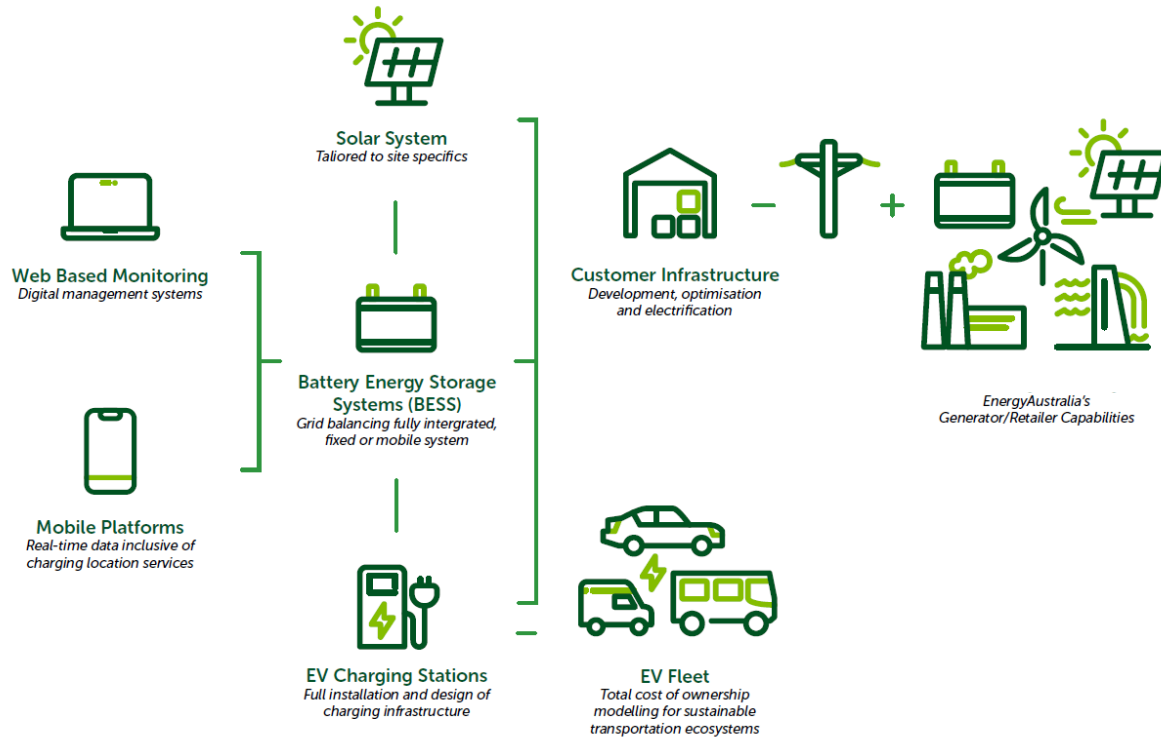
In a 22-tonne electric truck, covering 300 km unladen would use 280 kWh of electricity.

In a 22-tonne rigid diesel truck, covering 300km requires 70-85L of fuel.

FUEL TYPE	Electricity	Diesel
ENERGY REQUIRED FOR 300KM RANGE	280kWh	84L
COST PER KWH (OFFPEAK COMMERCIAL)	\$0.05-\$0.15/kWh*	
COST PER L (\$ AVERAGE)		\$1.33/L
COST PER 100KM	\$4.67-\$14.00 (93.33kWh/100km)	\$38.78** (28.6L/100km)
COST FOR 300KM WORTH OF FUEL	\$14-\$42	\$116.34

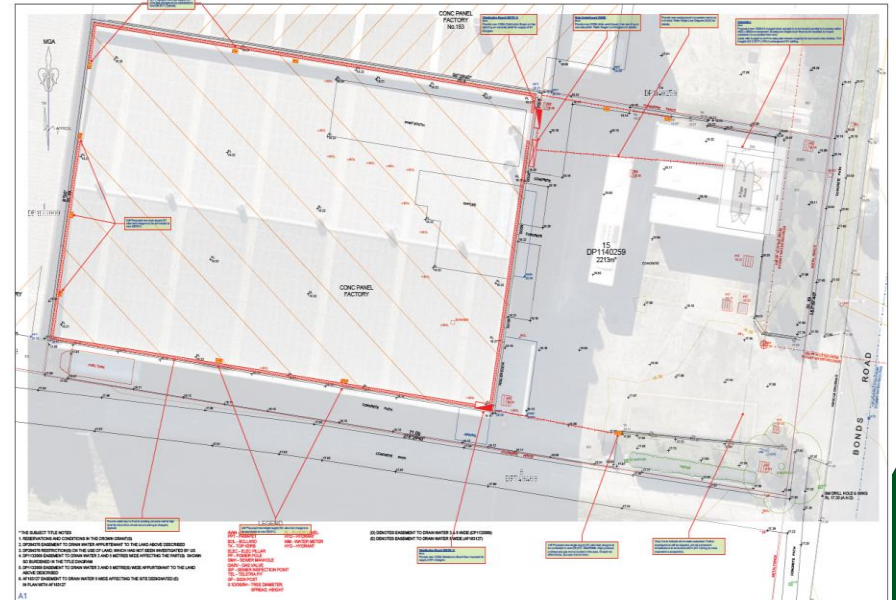
* Electricity price is based on a commercial off-peak tariff for a depot-based fleet.
** including diesel cost of \$37.24 (28L/100km) and Adblue of \$1.54)

Green Transport Energy Ecosystem



Past Electrification/Greenification Tenders Developed

Green Transport team have collaborated with our partners more than 15 sites and assisted fleet operators to fully electrify/greenify.



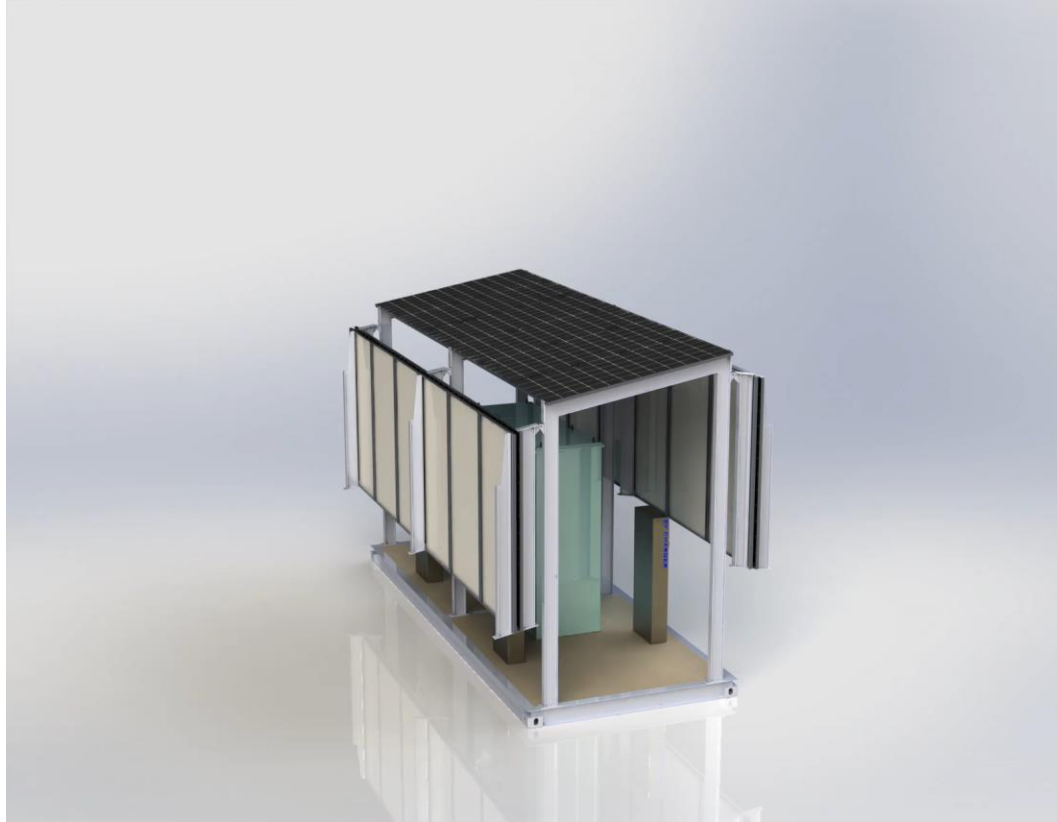
New Revenue Streams- Advertisement



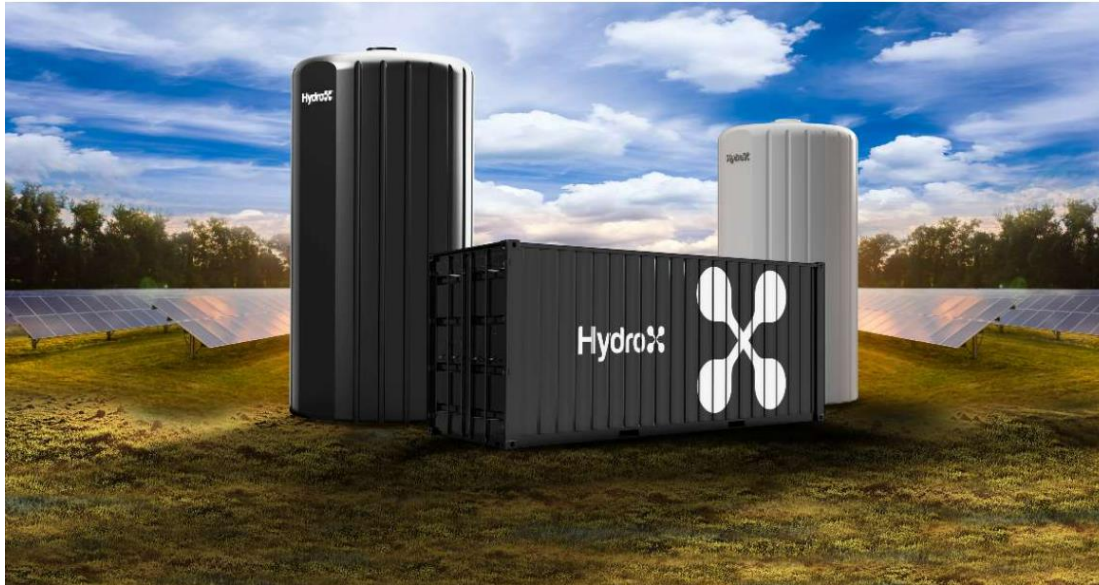
- Charge two vehicles simultaneously
- Local support and parts availability
- From 50 to 150kW charge rate
- 55" media screen for video or image advertising
- Share customised content for messaging or advertising
- Fully OCPP 1.6/2.0.1 compliant
- LAN, 4G and Wi-Fi connectivity
- Plug-n-play, RFID, QR or PoS
- Closed loop product
- RCM Compliant

Recommend EVDC-60S-EU model for dealerships.

Green Transport Relocatable Solutions



NextGen Green Hydro Innovation



Hydro X for Renewables Applications

Hydrogen storage for solar and wind farms for end-to-end green energy value chain and long-term (seasonal) energy storage

Traditional Hardware- Synchronous Condenser

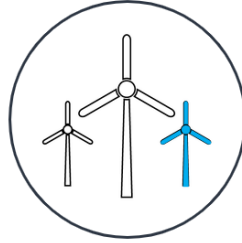


Future Synchronous Condensers Potential Replacement to Enable more EV's and Renewables



Innovative Software

Enhanced grid stability via innovative software that interfaces with inverters, with zero excess equipment.



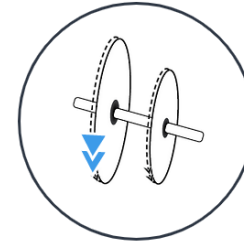
High RES Levels

Synvertec's software enables high levels of renewable energy source (RES) grid penetration, thereby promoting environmental sustainability.



Cost-Effectiveness






Fully software based, Synvertec creates an extremely low total system cost. Grid stability and high RES have never been more cost-effective.



Inertia Capabilities

Artificial inertia capabilities allow inverters to simulate synchronic generator characteristics, thus enhancing grid stability.

Charging Regimes fit-for-purpose

	Charger type	Charger Power	Charging time			
	Slow - Single phase (wall box)	7 kW	2-5 hours			
	Fast - three phase (wall box)	11-22 kW	30 min - 2 hrs	Level 1/2 Existing power point (10-15 Amp, single phase), used in combination with a specialised cable which is typically supplied with the vehicle.	Level 2 / Mode 3 A dedicated AC EV charger at up to 22kW (32 Amp, 3-phase).	Level 3 / Mode 4 A dedicated DC EV charger at power levels from 25kW to 350kW (40 – 500 Amp, three phase)
	Fast chargers	50 kW	20-60 min	Typically used in standalone domestic homes. This method will add between 10 and 20km of range per hour plugged in.	Typically installed in homes, apartment complexes, workplaces, shopping centres, hotels, etc – anywhere the vehicle will be parked for a while. This method will add 40 to 100km of range per hour of charging depending on the vehicle.	Typically used in commercial premises and road-side locations to provide for faster recharging than Level 1 and 2 can achieve. At the lower end, this method will add up to 150km of range per hour plugged in
	Super fast chargers	120 kW	20 – 40 min	It will top up daily use, but will not fully recharge a typical pure electric vehicle overnight.	It will top up average daily vehicle use in an hour, or deliver a full recharge overnight.	At the upper end, this method can fully recharge some electric vehicles in 10 to 15 minutes.
	Ultra fast chargers	350 kW	10 – 15 min			



Green Transport Solar Canopies



Questions

For more information visit

[Green Transport Energy Solutions | EnergyAustralia](#)

Contact

GreenTransport@EnergyAustralia.com.au



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